



Art and Design Progression: Sequence of Skills and Use of Materials.

	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Suggested artists
Drawing (pencil, charcoal, inks, chalk, pastels, ICT software)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Begin to use a variety of drawing tools -Investigate different lines -Explore different textures -Encourage accurate drawings of people using single lines 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Extend the variety of drawings tools focus on mark making with charcoal - Observe and draw landscapes focus on vertical and horizontal lines - Observe patterns -Basic face proportions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -experiment with tools and surfaces eg sticks, pens, large and small scale papers - draw a way of recording experiences and feelings - discuss use of shadows, use of light and dark -vary pencil line and thicknesses -use of light and dark 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Experiment with the potential of various pencils - close observation eg adding detail to line drawings - initial sketches as a preparation for painting -begin to draw proportions of anatomy particularly faces 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Draw both the positive and negative shapes -Identify and draw the effect of light - scale and proportion -accurate drawings of whole people including proportion and placement - Work on a variety of scales -basic concept of one point perspective 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -effect of light on objects and people from different directions -adding shadows to ground a figure or object - develop texture of a surface eg, use of rubbers, chalk and charcoal, ink and white paint etc. - produce increasingly accurate drawings of people -develop concept of perspective Adding colour and background. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -effect of light on objects and people from different directions - interpret the texture of a surface - produce increasingly accurate drawings of people - develop concept of perspective adding colour, foreground and background objects. - investigate and experiment use of lines to create form and direction. 	<p>Dürer</p> <p>Pierre-Yves Riveau</p> <p>David Hockney</p> <p>Edgar Degas</p> <p>Egon Schiele</p> <p>Giacometti (sculptural drawings)</p> <p>Henry Moore (sculptural drawings)</p> <p>Roy Eastland (local artist) Margate...portraits and landscapes</p> <p>Charcoal: Leon Kossoff</p> <p>Douglas McDougall Chakib Benkara</p>
Colour (painting, ink, dye, textiles, pencils,	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Experimenting with and using primary colours 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - name all the colours - mixing of colours primary to secondary 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Make as many tones of one colour as possible (using white) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -colour mixing Make colour wheels - Introduce different types of brushes 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - observe and copy colours using knowledge of colour mixing shade and tone 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - investigate hue, tint, tone, shades and mood - explore the use of texture in colour 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use hue, tint, tone, shades to convey atmosphere and mood 	<p>Pollock, Monet, Chagall, Ben Moseley, Van Gogh, Edgar Degas</p> <p>Pierre Bonnard -</p>



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<p>crayon, pastels)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Naming - mixing (not formal) -Learn the names of different tools that bring colour - Use a range of tools to make coloured marks on paper 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Find collections of colour -applying colour in a range of different mediums. - use paint/crayons on material to make simple block and line images 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Darken colours without using black - using colour on a large scale - experiment with mixing materials eg wax resist. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -techniques- apply colour using dotting, scratching, splashing -use water to thin paints –make washes Create land and sky simple wash pictures . 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - select suitable equipment for the task eg thick and thin brushes, card to make marks and other equipment for mark making - colour to reflect mood -Choose when to add water to thin paints For Simple horizontal landscapes with block colours 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -colour for purposes eg to convey mood/atmosphere -Produce detailed water colour landscapes, use variety of wash and thicker paint, add background details. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -explore the use of texture in colour - colour for purposes -use colour to express feelings in response to Art and imagery Pollock -Produce detailed water colour landscapes, use variety of wash and thicker paint, add background and foreground details. 	<p>Georgia O’Keefe - JMW Turner John Constable</p>
<p>Textiles</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Handling, manipulating and enjoying using materials - Sensory experience - Simple collages - simple weaving - explore facial form using clay 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Sort according to specific qualities - how textiles create things - weaving - collage 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -overlapping and overlaying to create effects - Use large eyed needles – running stitches - Simple appliqué work - Start to explore other simple stitches 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Use smaller eyed needles and finer threads - weaving - Tie dying, batik 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - observation and design of textural art - experiment with creating mood, feeling, movement- - compare different fabrics 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Select and use materials -embellish work - fabric making - artists using textiles 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Develops experience in embellishing - Applies knowledge of different techniques to express feelings - Work collaboratively on a larger scale 	<p>Linda Caverley, Molly Williams, William Morris, Gustav Klimt</p>



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			- collage					
Form (3D work, clay, dough, boxes, wire, paper sculpture, mod roc)	-Handling, feeling, enjoying and manipulating materials - Constructing - Building and destroying - Shape and model - begin to explore the facial form using clay	-Use materials to make known objects for a purpose junk modelling -construct - Pinch and roll coils and slabs using a modelling media. - Make simple joins	-Awareness of natural and man-made forms - to shape and form from direct observation (malleable and rigid materials) - decorative techniques imprints and marks- intaglio - Replicate patterns and textures in a 3-D form	-Shape, form, model and construct (malleable and rigid materials) - Plan and develop understanding of different adhesives and methods of construction -roll clay evenly on a surface -add intaglio and relief patterns to clay. -consider aesthetics	-Roll clay into even coils. -exploring clay joining and building techniques -Experience surface patterns / textures - Discuss own work and work of other sculptors - analyse and interpret natural and manmade forms of construction	- plan and develop ideas -Shape, form, model and join different materials more proficiently-smooth. - observation or imagination for ideas - investigate the properties of media and suitability for purpose - Discuss and evaluate own work and that of other sculptors	Develop and improve -clay pot coil building techniques including smoothing and shaping - create 3D work from observation or imagination - Discuss and evaluate own work and that of other sculptors	Henry Moore, Barbara Hepworth, Andy Goldsworthy, Rodin, Giacommetti, Degas, Lucie Rie
Printing (found materials, fruit/veg, wood blocks, press print, lino, string,	-Rubbings - Print with variety of objects -Print with block colour -mirror printing –with paint	- Create simple patterns with printing with different objects and materials. -Relief printing, card	-Print with a growing range of objects, choose for shape and possible patterns/textures.	-develop impressed printing(polystyrene eg.) –use of line and block areas flattened to give broader areas of black.	- Investigate/replicate environmental and manmade patterns, -lino printing, one colour.	- Explore printing techniques used by various artists -Develop line printing , block areas, line, two colours. Polystyrene.	-Explore printing techniques used by various artists -lino print three colours registering, work from	Picasso Dan Mather Andy Warhol



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<p>polystyrene)</p>		<p>shapes stuck onto card/ paper .</p>	<p>-Identify the different forms printing takes eg lino, screen printing, etching, monotype. -Create monotypes -line printing into polystyrene single line white ink onto black paper.</p>	<p>- colour mixing through overlapping colour block print</p>		<p>-Lino print use two colours, registering.</p>	<p>lightest to darkest colours.</p>	
<p>Pattern (paint, pencil, textiles, clay, printing)</p>	<p>-copy patterns -Simple symmetry</p>	<p>- Awareness and discussion of patterns - repeating patterns -symmetry</p>	<p>-Experiment by arranging, folding, repeating, overlapping, regular and irregular patterning - natural and manmade patterns</p>	<p>- pattern in the environment - design - using ICT -make patterns on a range of surfaces - symmetry In more than one line</p>	<p>-Explore environmental and manmade patterns - tessellation- repeated pattern, fitting in patterns.</p>	<p>-Create own abstract pattern to reflect personal experiences and expression -create pattern for purposes</p>	<p>-Create own abstract pattern to reflect personal experiences and expression - create pattern for purposes</p>	<p>Bridget Riley, Escher, Paul Klee Joan Miro</p>